CALIBRATION WORKING GROUP

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Plan for Validation of Calibration Coefficients using Vicarious Calibration (VC)

Joint VC Campaigns

Measurements of SBRS Spherical Integrating Source (SIS)

VALIDATION PLAN

Reflectance-based (solar-reflective range)

Radiance-based (total range)

Cross comparison between sensors

PROPOSED INTENSIVE CAMPAIGN DURING A&E

This and the following charts assume no weather interference

- 3 radiance-based at high reflectance
- 4 radiance-based at low reflectance
- 6 reflectance-based for 250-m bands at high reflectance

PROPOSED CAMPAIGNS FOR OPERATIONAL PHASE

Frequency depends on stability of MODIS.

Maximum frequency is likely to be:

Two high-reflectance-calibration campaigns at two-month intervals for 10 months of the year

One intensive field campaign

Total for year is 13 high reflectance and 4 low reflectance (not counting 250-m bands)

PROPOSED SENSOR CROSS COMPARISONS

Primarily between MODIS and ASTER, Landsat-7, and MISR

Conducted at times of above campaigns

Frequency depends on MODIS stability, could be increased if necessary

FIRST JOINT VC FIELD CAMPAIGN

To compare TOA radiances

Held at Lunar Lake and Railroad Playa early June 1996. Participating teams:

Japanese:

ASTER

JPL:

ASTER

JPL:

MISR

South Dakota State University

University of Arizona:

ASTER and MODIS

University of California at Santa Barbara

MODIS

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Several differences found between teams

Many of these now understood or resolved

Others need further study:

cross comparisons of panel BRDFs
radiometer calibrations
RTC comparisons

Agreement needed on values for exoatmospheric irradiance

FUTURE PLANS

A second campaign is planned for next year involving greater international participation and organized by the EOS Calibration Scientist.

Details of the campaign are to be developed in the next few months.

PROPOSED: ASSIST SBRS ABSOLUTE RADIANCE CALIBRATIONS

Broadly discussed with SBRS - implementation details TBD

Simultaneous measurements will not interrupt SRBS calibrations

Rebuilds tie-in with August 1996 Calibration Cross Check

- measure VNIR and SWIR MODIS bands
- tie-in with MISR, ASTER, OCTS, LANDSAT

Verify SIS and MODIS SNR characterization

Verify SIS and MODIS radiometric stability

- during ambient and T/V calibrations
- before and after vibration testing

Other possibilities

- verify MODIS linearity
- post facto radiance accuracy improvement
- determine air-to-vacuum effect on D1 dichroic, i. e. responsivity change

BANDS COVERED BY UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA RADIOMETERS

<u>VNIR</u>	MODIS BAND	<u>SWIR</u>	MODIS BAND
413	8	1244	5
442	9	1380	26
488	10	1646	6
550	12	2135	7
667	13	2164	
747	15	2208	
868	16	2263	
		2332	
		2403	

SIGNAL/NOISE - SBRS SPHERICAL INTEGRATING SOURCES

Mean (dark corrected) / Standard Deviation

SPHERE LEVEL	<u>410 nm</u>	<u>870 nm</u>	<u>1240-2130 nm</u>
Level 1(10 8W, 9 45W, 18 200W)	1500	3000	>2500
Level 2 (10 8W, 9 45W, 6 200W)	1600	4000	>2500
Level 3 (10 8W, 6 45W, 0 200W)	1100	2300	>2500
Level 5 (10 8W, O 45W, 0 200W)	250	1070	>2500
Landsat SIS (B)	2000	6500	
U of AZ SIS [< Level 1, > Level 2]	6000	70000	>10000
Data Average:	100 readir	ngs / 20 sec	100 rdgs / 30s

Data from Stuart Biggar and Paul Spyak, University of Arizona Remote Sensing Group, Sept 1996

STABILITY - SBRS MODIS SIS and U of A SWIR TR

Stability over several hours, lamps on continuously

<u>Wavelength</u>	Change %	
1244	- 0.04	
1380	+ 0.23	
1646	+ 0.03	
2135	+ 0.11	